

PART A: Quantitative Aptitude and Numerical Ability**(20 x 2=40 Marks)**

Answer the following questions by putting a Tick mark (✓) on the correct answer. The following questions carry 2 marks each.

- 1) If \vec{a} , \vec{b} and \vec{c} are unit vectors such that $\vec{a} + \vec{b} + \vec{c} = \vec{0}$, then the value of $\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b} + \vec{b} \cdot \vec{c} + \vec{c} \cdot \vec{a}$ is
 - a) 1
 - b) 3
 - c) $-\frac{3}{2}$
 - d) None of these
- 2) For all real values of x $\left| \frac{12x}{4x^2 + 9} \right|$ is
 - a) ≤ 1
 - b) ≤ 2
 - c) > 1
 - d) > 2
- 3) The two consecutive terms in the expansion of $(3 + 2x)^{74}$ whose co-efficients are equal, are
 - a) 11, 12
 - b) 7, 8
 - c) 30, 31
 - d) None of these
- 4) The range of the function $f(x) = x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2 + 1}$ is
 - a) $[1, \infty)$
 - b) $[2, \infty)$
 - c) $\left[\frac{3}{2}, \infty\right)$
 - d) None of these
- 5) The solution of the equation $y - x \frac{dy}{dx} = a \left(y^2 + \frac{dy}{dx} \right)$ is
 - a) $y = c(x + a)(1 - ay)$
 - b) $y = c(x + a)(1 + ay)$
 - c) $y = c(x - a)(1 + ay)$
 - d) None of these
- 6) If A is a skew-symmetric matrix, then trace of A is
 - a) 1
 - b) -1
 - c) 0
 - d) 2
- 7) For the equation $\cos^{-1}x + \cos^{-1}2x + \pi = 0$, the number of real solution is
 - a) 1
 - b) 2
 - c) 0
 - d) ∞
- 8) The value of the integral $\int \frac{\sin^8 x - \cos^8 x}{1 - 2 \sin^2 x \cos^2 x} dx$ is
 - a) $-\frac{1}{2} \sin 2x + c$
 - b) $\sin 2x + c$
 - c) 0
 - d) $\frac{1}{2} \sin 2x + c$
- 9) A focus of an ellipse is at the origin. The directrix is the line $x = 4$ and the eccentricity is $\frac{1}{2}$, then the length of semi-major axis is
 - a) $\frac{5}{3}$
 - b) $\frac{8}{3}$
 - c) $\frac{2}{3}$
 - d) $\frac{4}{3}$
- 10) If A and B are square matrices of size $n \times n$ such that $A^2 - B^2 = (A - B)(A + B)$, then which of the following will be always true?

- a) $AB = BA$ c) Either of A or B is an identity matrix
 b) Either of A or B is a zero matrix d) $A = B$
- 11) If the roots of the equation $x^2 - bx + c = 0$ is two consecutive integers, then $b^2 - 4c$ is equal to
 a) 1 c) 3
 b) 2 d) -2
- 12) If $||z^2 - 1|| = |z|^2 + 1$, then z lies on
 a) the real axis c) a circle
 b) the imaginary axis d) an ellipse
- 13) The number of ways in which 6 men and 5 women can dine at a round table, is if no two women are to sit together, is given by
 a) $6! \times 5!$ c) $5! \times 4!$
 b) 30 d) $7! \times 5!$
- 14) 5th term of a GP is 2, then the product of its 9th term is
 a) 256 c) 1024
 b) 512 d) None of these
- 15) Suppose that two cards are drawn at random from a deck of cards. Let X be the number of aces obtained. Then the expectation of X i.e. $E(X)$ is
 a) $\frac{37}{221}$
 b) $\frac{5}{13}$
 c) $\frac{1}{13}$
 d) $\frac{2}{13}$
- 16) If $x^m y^n = (x + y)^{m+n}$, then $\frac{dy}{dx}$ is
 a) $\frac{x+y}{xy}$
 b) xy
 c) $\frac{x}{y}$
 d) $\frac{y}{x}$
- 17) The distance between two parallel planes $2x + y + 2z = 8$ and $4x + 2y + 4z - 5 = 0$ is
 a) $\frac{3}{2}$
 b) $\frac{5}{2}$
 c) $\frac{7}{2}$
 d) $\frac{9}{2}$
- 18) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(1 - \cos 2x)(3 + \cos x)}{x \tan 4x}$ is equal to
 a) $-\frac{1}{4}$
 b) $\frac{1}{2}$

c) 1

d) 2

19) If in a frequency distribution, the mean and median are 21 and 22 respectively, then its mode is approximately

a) 24.0

c) 20.5

b) 25.5

d) 22.0

20) The value of $\int_3^6 \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{9-x} + \sqrt{x}} dx$ is

a) $\frac{3}{2}$

b) 2

c) 1

e) $\frac{1}{2}$

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

PART B: Logical Reasoning**(4 x 15 = 60 Marks)**

Write the steps to arrive at the correct answer to the following questions. The answer alone is not sufficient. Each correct complete answer will carry 4 marks.

- 1) In a certain code, RIPPLE is written as 613382 and LIFE is written as 8192. How is PILLER written in that code?

a) 318826	c) 618826
b) 318286	d) 328816

- 2) In a code language,
 - "sky looks cloudy" means "pa zek ra"
 - "stars twinkle" means "vik tek"
 - "sky is vast" means "zek ta ri"
 - "stars are bright" means "tek na ba"
 Which of the following is the code for "twinkle"?

a) pa	c) tek
b) vik	d) cannot be determined

- 3) A's son B is married with C whose sister D is married to E the brother of B. How D is related to A?

a) Sister	c) Sister-in-law
b) Daughter-in-law	d) Cousin

Directions for questions 4 and 5: These questions are based on the following information. Six persons A, B, C, D, E and F are comparing their weights and each of them is having a different weight. D is heavier than only two persons. E is the only person heavier than F and lighter than D. C's weight is less than only B's weight. The third heaviest weight is 100kgs and the fifth heaviest weight is 60kgs.

- 4) What is the possible weight of D?

a) 60 Kg	c) 105 Kg
b) 100 Kg	d) 75 Kg

- 5) Who is the third heaviest?

a) D	c) A
b) E	d) B

Directions for the questions 6 and 7: Read the following information and answer the questions given below it:

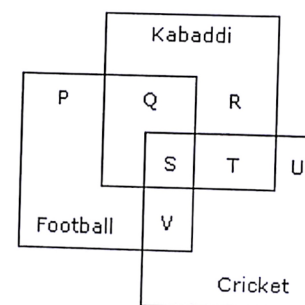
Eleven students named as A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, J and K are sitting in the first row of the entrance test hall. All of them sit only in a single row facing the black board. D is to the immediate left of F. D is also second to the right of C. A is second to the right of E; and E is at one of the extreme ends. J is the immediate neighbour of A and B; J is also second to the left of G. H is at the immediate left of D and H is also second to the right of I. Use a diagram to depict the Seating Arrangement.

- 6) Who are at the two extreme ends viz. extreme left and extreme right?
 a) E and K c) E and A
 b) F and D d) E and F

- 7) Write the names of the friends who are sitting to the right of H.
 a) D and C c) D and E
 b) H and D d) D and F

- 8) A number is called as an 'Armstrong Number' if the sum, of the cubes of each digit of the number, is equal to the given number itself. For example, $1^3 + 5^3 + 3^3 = 1 + 125 + 27 = 153$. Which of the following sets of numbers are Armstrong numbers?
 a) 1, 153, 300 c) 10, 100, 1000
 b) 1, 2, 153, 370, 371 d) 1, 407

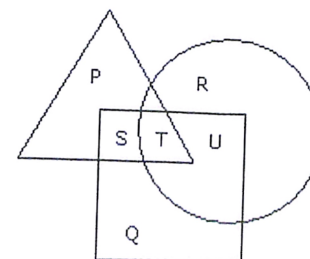
- 9) The diagram given below represents those students who play Cricket, Football and Kabaddi.



Study the diagram and identify the students who play all the three games.

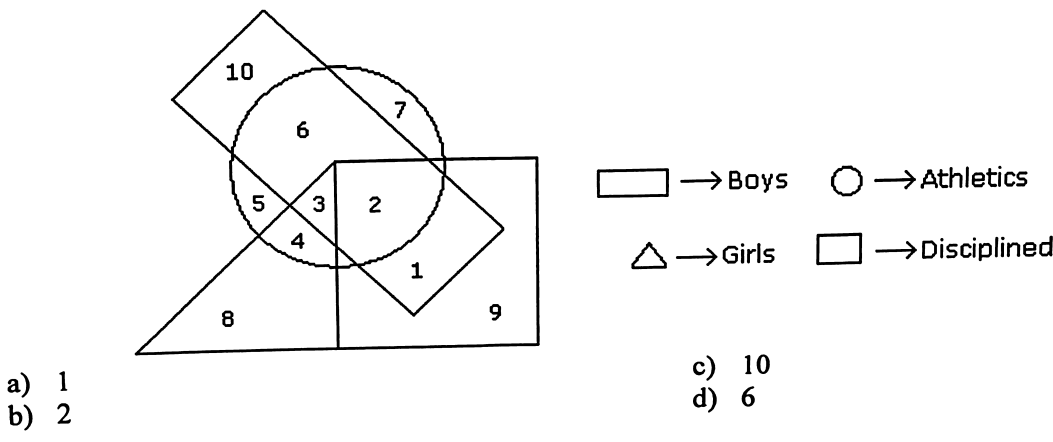
- a) $P + Q + R$ c) $S + T + V$
 b) $V + T$ d) S

- 10) In the figure given below, the square represents doctors, the triangle represents ladies and the circle represents surgeon. Which letter will represent the ladies who are both doctors and surgeons?

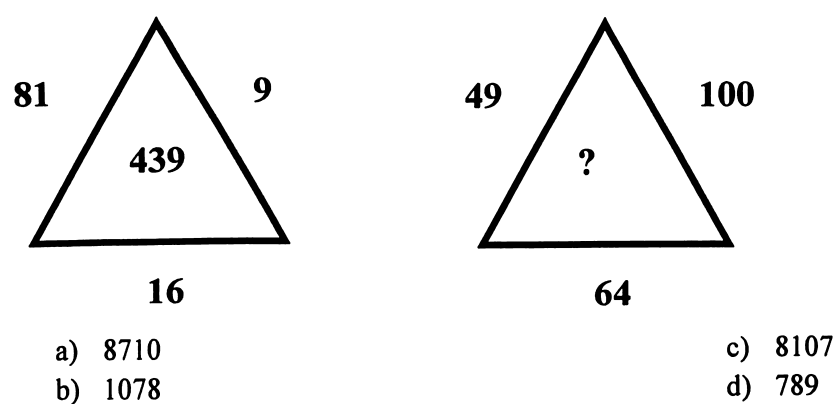


- a) U c) S
 b) T d) P

11) In the following diagram the boys who are athletic and are disciplined are indicated by which number?



12) Find the missing number



13) Find the final values of A and B if the steps below are repeated thrice. Initially the values of A = 1 and B = 0, and for the rest of the steps consider the values of A and B from the previous step.

Step 1: If $A < B$, then $B = B - 1$ and $A = A + 1$
Step 2: If $A > B$, then $B = B + 1$ and $A = A - 1$

a) A = 0 and B = 1
b) A = 1 and B = 0
c) A = 0 and B = 0
d) None of these.

- 14) Find the final value of A, with initial values of A and B as 5 and 5 respectively.

Step 1: If B is not equal to 0, then $A = 5 + B \times (A - 1)$ and $B = B - 1$

Step 2: Repeat step 1 until $B = 0$.

a) 617

b) 517

c) 616

d) None of these.

- 15) Follow the steps below to find the final value of S, if the initial values of $R = 1$ and $C = 1$, for the rest of the steps consider the values of R and C from the previous step. Note that the value of C will become 1 every time the value of R is increased by 1.

Step 1: If R is less than 3 and at the same time C too is less than or equal to 2, then
 $S = R + C$.

Step 2: Now increase the value of C by adding one.

Step 3: If C is less than or equal to 2 repeat Step 1 and 2 or else go to next step.

Step 4: Now increase the value of R by adding one.

Step 5: If R is less than or equal to 3 repeat Step 1 and 2 or else go to next step.

Step 6: Repeat the steps 1 and 2 until the value of R is equal to 3.

a) 5

b) 6

c) 7

d) None of these.